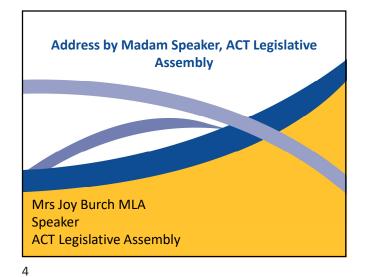
FINANCIAL AUDIT WEBINAR 2023-24 Reporting Year

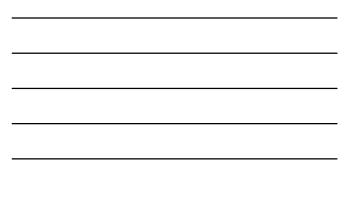
Financial Audit Webinar Program

1. Welcome

- 2. Address by Madam Speaker ACT Legislative Assembly
- 3. Results of the 2022-23 Financial Audit Program
- 4. WOG reporting timetable
- 5. Key focus areas for 2023-24 audits
- 6. Impact of IT controls on financial audits and challenges encountered during audit process.
- 7. Changes to Model Financial Statements and New/updated Accounting Papers in 2024
- The role of the Auditor using Management's experts relating to valuations
 Close



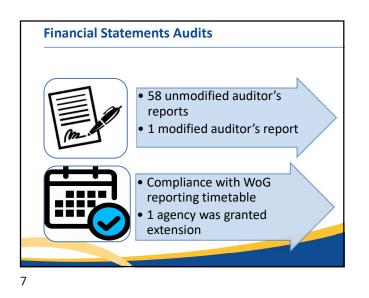


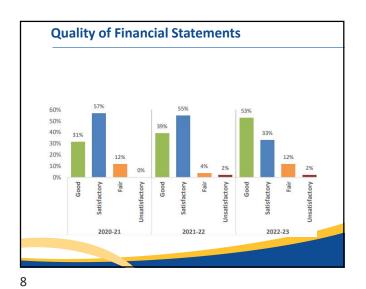


Results of the 2022-23 Financial Audit Program Ms Rosa San Miguel Audit Principal, Financial Audit

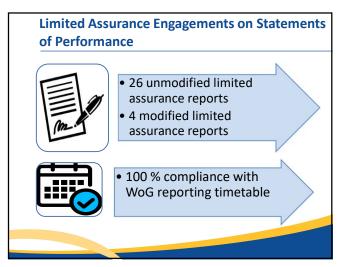


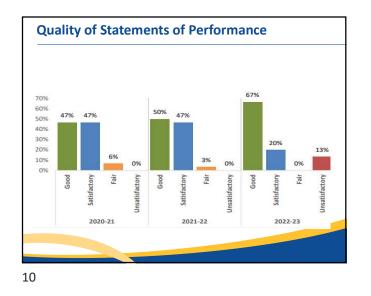














 Annual Reports

 Image: A state of the state o



- Available on the Office's website
 - <u>Report No. 9/2023</u>: 2022-23 Financial Audits Overview
 - <u>Report No. 11/2023</u>: 2022-23 Financial Audits Financial Results and Audit Findings





 Better practice tips

 1

 Anticipating and responding to change

 2

 4

 4

 4

 4

 4

 5

 Prior year learnings





Reporting Timetable for 2023-24

Ms Natasha Bourke Executive Branch Manager Financial Reporting and Framework, Finance and Budget Group

16

Areas of focus

2023-24 is an Election year

What does this mean for reporting?

- The consolidated annual financial statements require an audit report to be issued <u>one month</u> earlier (30 September)
- This results in a compressed timetable for the preparation and audit of financial statements
- Strongly encourage preparation work such as shells and accounting position papers to be undertaken now
- Remember we also have a late June budget timetable, elections costing process and a Pre-Election Budget Update

17

Timetable

What's Different?

- Agencies have been classified with clear definitions into groups
- Changes to the grouping allocation will not be accommodated
- Most due dates in the timetable have been compressed
- Early awareness and consultation on the timetable was provided
- Timeframes for the submission of ADJ 1 data and notes to the financial statements to Treasury will also be significantly compressed compared to 2022-23

Timetable -Continued

- Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) will be due one week after financial statements
- Statement of Performance (SoP) Timeframe has been extended compared to prior year for issuing of limited assurance reports
- Shared services will provide group 1 agencies with financial statements working day 8

	Group 1	Group 2	
Financial statements to AO	17 July	31 July	
MD&A	24 July	7 August	
Statement of Performance	19 Au	19 August	
Audit reports	24 Septe	24 September	
Limited assurance reports	27 Septe	27 September	

19

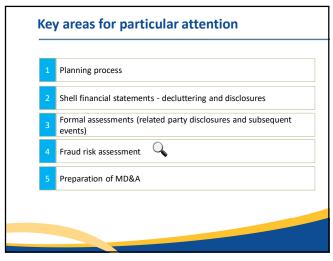




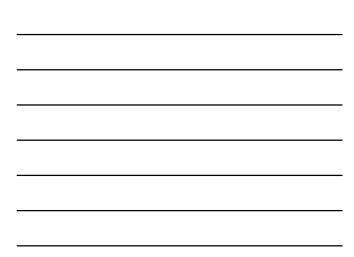
Key Focus Areas for 2023-24 Audits

Ms Elizabeth Royds Acting Director, Financial Audit

22

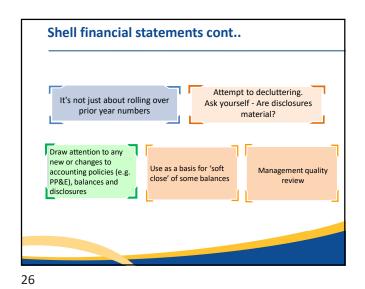








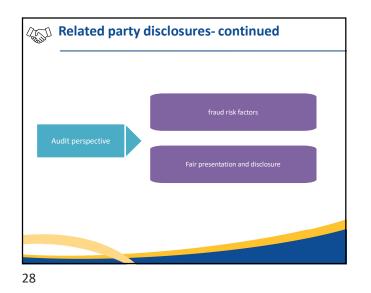








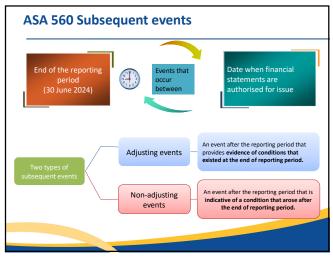




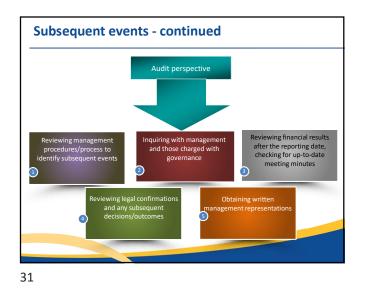


Subsequent events 4 5 9 10 11 TZ .. T 15 16 9. 1 28





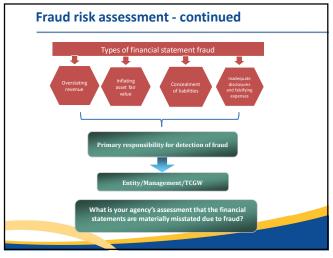


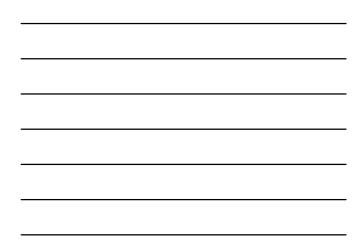


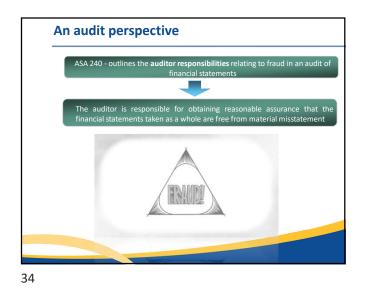


Fraud risk assessment







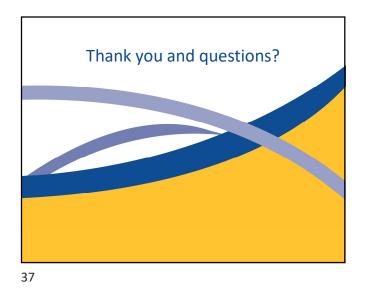


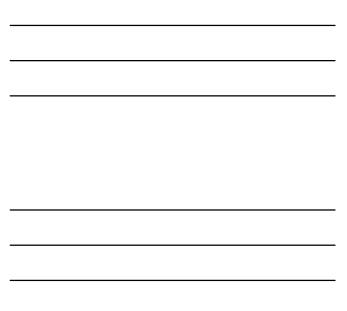


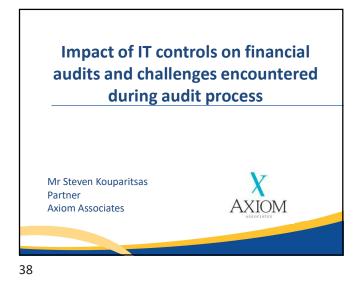




MD&A - Variance Explanations
 Explain the main trends and future performance
 Understandable and useful to a wide audience
 Understandable and useful to a wide audience
 Clear and concise explanations
 Variance explanations between budget, actuals and prior period
 Plain English explanations and be independently verifiable
 Duplication of face statements not required







Aim – Scope of IT audit support and Challenges

- Emphasise the scope of IT Audit
- Scope includes IT General Controls and Application Controls for Financial Significant Items
- Wide range of stakeholders in relation to IT General Controls and Financial Applications testing across DDTS and Directorates
- Key guidance is Auditing Standard ASA 315 Identifying and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement

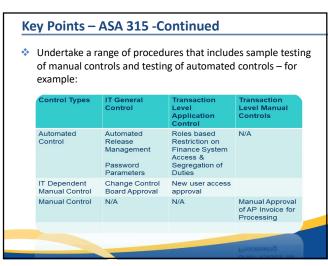
Key Points – Application Control Scope (financial material systems i.e Oracle, Chris21, APIAS, etc)

- IT Security Controls, including access roles, user access management, logging and monitoring and privileged accounts management
- Change Management, including recording, management and approval of changes
- IT Operations, including data backups and Disaster Recovery exercises
- Key application controls related to key revenue line items (key focus for audit)
- Follow up on prior year issues

40

Key Points – ASA 315

- Required to identify IT applications and other aspects of the entity's IT environment that are subject to risks arising from the use of IT.
- IT audit may focus on:
 - a) Automated controls that management is relying on.b) Controls that address risks for which substantive
 - procedures alone do not provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence.c) Controls which maintain the integrity of information
 - c) Controls which maintain the integrity of information relating to significant classes of transactions, account balances and disclosures.
 - d) System generated reports on which the auditor intends to rely upon.



Key Points – Overall Environment and themes

- Mature IT General Control environment for ACT Government
- Recurring issues around IT Security in particular, monitoring and logging of user access for a number of application systems

43

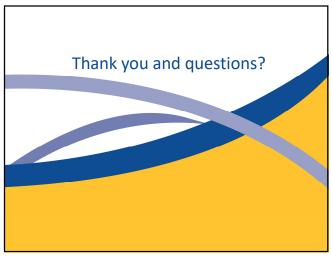
Key Points – Challenges

- Wide range of stakeholders and logistically difficult due to volume of systems
- Working closely with key audit contacts to achieve better outcomes – i.e. request registers, regular catchups, use of SharePoint for information transfer
- A number of systems with issues (such as logging and monitoring) that cannot be addressed until system upgrades/fixes occur

44

Key Points – Audit Efficiency

- Development of IT audit planning and conclusion memorandums that consider IT General Controls that outline IT application controls at the financial assertion level
- Audit planning at the assertion level drives efficiency to save on substantive testing and provide more effective and efficient audits overall





Changes to the Model Financial Statements and New/Updated Accounting Papers in 2024

Mr Hamish Palfreyman Director, Accounting Policy Financial Reporting and Framework Branch Finance and Budget Group, Treasury CMTEDD

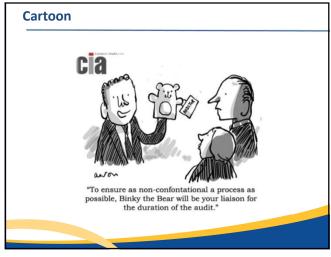


47

Presentation Outline

Overview of what I will be covering today:

- 1. Changes to the Model Financial Statements;
- 2. Accounting Paper Update:
 - a. Guidance Paper on Writing an Accounting Position Paper;
 - b. Policy Paper on Property, Plant and Equipment; and
 - c. Disclosure Paper on Standards issued but yet to be Applied:
 - This will include guidance on AASB 2022-10 which may be issued as separate guidance.
- 3. Further Training.



Changes to the Model Financial Statements

Background

- Relatively small changes made to the Model this Financial Year (other than for PPE).
- However, we are still working through some issues with the Audit-Office and that may result in further changes to the Model.
- Therefore, once released please review the Model to ensure that you familiarise yourself with the changes in the final version.
 - The major changes will be included in Section 1.3 What's New in the introduction to the Model; and
 - All individual changes will be colour coded throughout the Model.

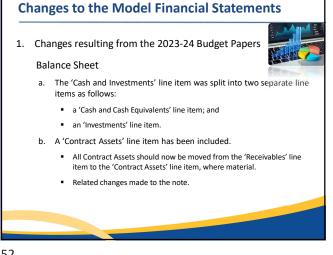
50

Changes to the Model Financial Statements

Currently, the main changes to the Model in 2023-24 relate to:

- 1. the Balance Sheet, resulting from amendments to the 2023-24 Budget Papers;
- 2. the PPE, CWIP and Intangible Notes, resulting from the introduction of the new ACT Accounting Policy Paper on PPE;
- 3. who can prepare Territorial Financial Statements;
- 4. the removal of COVID-19 disclosures;
- 5. moving the Output Class Operating Statement and Disaggregated Disclosure of Assets and Liabilities to the Notes; and
- other changes (eg changes in note names, removal of the 'Other Liability

 Territorial' Note, Rent Received in Advance moving from the 'Other Liabilities' Note to the 'Payables and Contract Liabilities' Note, and additional accounting policies in Note 8, etc).



Changes to the Model Financial Statements 1. Changes resulting from the 2023-24 Budget Papers continued Balance Sheet - continued c. A 'Contract Liabilities' line item has been included. All Contract Liabilities should now be moved from the 'Payables' line item to the 'Contract Liability' line item, where material. Related changes made to the note.

53

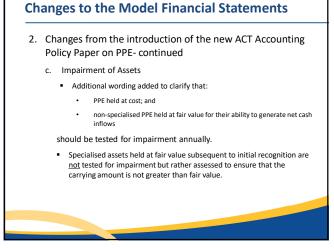
Changes to the Model Financial Statements

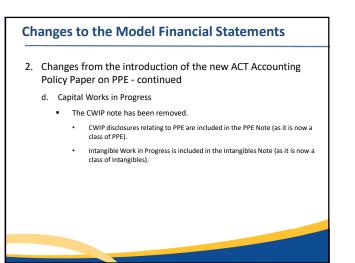
2. Changes from the introduction of the new ACT Accounting Policy Paper on PPE

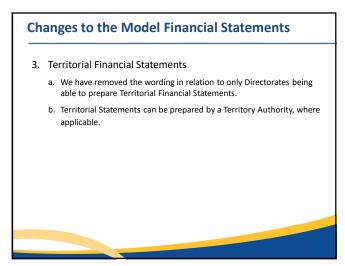
a. Asset Classes

 There are a total of 11 Asset Classes which ACT Government Agencies can use, with 9 being included as examples in the PPE Note in the Model.

- The definition of most PPE Asset Classes in the Model have been amended and some assets have moved between asset classes.
- b. Capitalisation Threshold
 - The PPE note has been updated to reflect that there is now a capitalisation threshold for each class of PPE, with a different threshold range for these classes.
 - Previously there was one capitalisation threshold between \$2k & \$5k.







Changes to the Model Financial Statements

4. COVID-19 Disclosures

- a. COVID-19 disclosures have been deleted from the Model given their reduced relevance in the current environment.
- b. Note however that the COVID-19 disclosure in Note 2 has been retained.
- c. COVID-19 related commentary in the Model has been retained.
- d. Where an agency has COVID-19 related transactions that are material to the financial statements, they should still be disclosed.

58

Changes to the Model Financial Statements

- Moving the Output Class Operating Statement and the Statement of Disaggregated Disclosure of Assets and Liabilities
 - a. The Output Class Operating Statement and the Disaggregated Disclosure of Assets and Liabilities have moved from the statements section of the Model to the Notes section.
 - This disclosure is now included in Note 40 *Disaggregated Financial Information by Output.*
 - b. The format of this disclosure may also change.

59

Accounting Policy Paper Update



Guidance Paper on Writing an Accounting Position Paper

- This new Guidance paper has been developed to assist agencies in writing accounting position papers.
- Accounting position papers are written by agencies to support how they have accounted for things like:
 - a difficult/material issue;
 - new/changes to Accounting Standards; and
 - where prior period errors have occurred.
- A template and an example will be provided to agencies to assist them in writing their accounting position papers.

Accounting Policy Paper Update

Policy Paper on Property, Plant and Equipment

- This is a new paper that we are issuing, with the previous PPE paper being withdrawn approx. 10 years ago.
- Main changes to current practice:
 - We have already been through some changes earlier when we looked at changes to the Model:
 - PPE Asset Classes;
 - Capitalisation Threshold;
 - Impairment Assessment vs Fair Value Assessment; and
 - Capital Works in Progress.
- <u>However, we are still working through some issues with the</u> <u>Audit-Office and that may result in further changes to the</u> <u>Paper.</u>

61

Accounting Policy Paper Update

Policy Paper on Property, Plant and Equipment - continued

Consequential Amendments

- There are consequential amendments that will have to be made to other ACT Accounting Papers with the introduction of the new PPE Policy Paper.
 - These papers include:
 - the Intangible Assets Paper;
 - the Land Transfer Paper; and
 - the Portable and Attractive Items Paper.

62

Accounting Policy Paper Update

Intangible Assets Paper - Consequential Amendments

- The Intangible Assets Paper will be updated for:
 Intangible Works in Progress becoming a class of intangible asset.
- This paper will be updated this financial year.

Accounting Policy Paper Update

Portable and Attractive Items - Consequential Amendments

- The Portable and Attractive Items Paper will need to be updated for the change to the PPE capitalisation threshold.
- A comprehensive review is also needed given the paper was last released in 2006.
- This paper will not be updated this financial year (but instead updated in 2024-25).



Accounting Policy Paper Update

Land Transfer Paper - Consequential Amendments

- There are numerous changes that are required to align the Land Transfer Paper with the PPE Policy Paper. An example is:
 - clarification that unleased land transferred from SLA to other agencies should be at fair value taking into account the zoning of the land but should not factor in any socio-political restrictions on the land.
- The paper will not be updated this financial year (but instead updated in 2024-25).

65

Accounting Policy Paper Update

Standards Issued but yet to be Applied Paper

- The annual update of the Standards Issued but yet to be Applied disclosure paper will be issued in around June this year.
 - Wording for Note 3 should be obtained from this paper, as it is no longer contained in the Model.
- Additional Guidance on AASB 2022-10 will be provided this year.
 - AASB 2022-10 deals with amendments to AASB 13 in relation to the Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities.
 - The additional guidance is to assist agencies in assessing the impact of changes in fair value measurement of their PPE:
 - For disclosure in this year's Financial Statements in Note 3 Impact of Accounting Standards Issued But Yet to Be Applied; and
 - To assist agencies in accounting for these changes in the 2024-25 financial year.

Further Training

Given the relatively small number of changes to the Model this financial year (other than for PPE), no further training will be provided.
The Financial Reporting and Framework Branch will be providing more detailed training to agencies in around April this year on:

The PPE Paper.

The PPE training will be at least half a day of training.
We will email the details of these sessions to CFOs and Financial Controllers.

67



68

Contacts

If you have any further Questions or need any accounting advice please do not hesitate to contact us.

Requests for accounting advice are required to be prepared on the Contact and Accounting Request for Advice Form available at https://www.treasury.act.gov.au/accounting

Name	Email	Phone Number
Natasha Bourke	Natasha.Bourke@act.gov.au	6207 0133
Margaret Barnes	Margaret.Barnes@act.gov.au	6207 5653
Hamish Palfreyman	Hamish.Palfreyman@act.gov.au	6205 7810
Melissa Mitchell	Melissa.Mitchell@act.gov.au	6205 3920

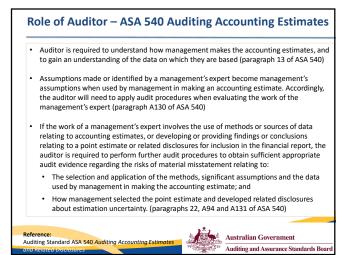
The Role of the Auditor using Management's experts relating to valuations



Role of TCWG and Management Responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial report and other historical financial information Includes the determination of amounts included in the financial report Such information may require expertise in a field other than accounting management's expert When engaging with an expert Engagement letter or other written form of agreement between the entity and the expert The nature, scope and objectives of that expert's work . : The respective roles and responsibilities of management and that expert; and The nature, timing and extent of communication between management and that expert, including the form of any report to be provided by that expert Controls over the expert's work 1 Australian Government Auditing and Assurance Standards Board 71

Role of Auditor – ASA 500 Audit Evidence Measure of the quality of audit evidence Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to draw reasonabl conclusions (paragraph 5(b) of ASA 500) (paragraph 4 of ASA 500) Measure of the quantity of audit evidence (paragraph 5(f) of ASA 500) Relevance and reliability of the audit evidence (paragraph 7 of ASA 500) Evaluate competence, capabilities and objectivity of the expert (paragraph 8 of ASA 500)
 Information from the same expert cannot be both an external information for auditors and for management (paragraph A3 of ASA 500) Evidence from external sources is generally more reliable than that generated internally. The existence of a relationship between the management's expert and the entity being audited may impair that expert's ability to be objective. The risk that the objectivity of a management's expert will be impaired increases when the management's expert is employed by the entity or is related in some way to the entity. (paragraph 31 of GS 005) Understanding controls within the entity over the experts work (paragraphs A47-A48 of ASA 500) Auditor uses professional judgement to consider what additional procedures required for complex work (paragraph 54 of GS 005) Australian Government References: Auditing Standard ASA 500 Audit Evidence Auditing and Assurance Standards Board





AUASB Auditing & Assurance Standards Board Contact enquiries@auasb.gov.au Subscribe Get the latest at: www.auasb.gov.au Auditing and Assurance Standards Board in 💟 Follow Australian Government Auditing and Assurance Standards Board





73



